Step 4

Select Accessories
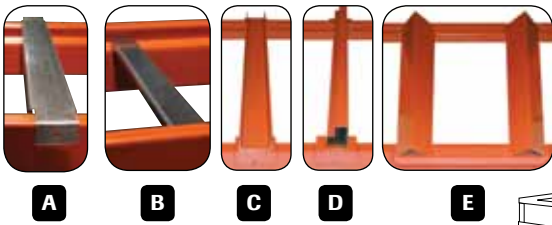
A   B   C   D   E

(A) Front-to-Back Support
Reduces the likelihood of inaccurately placed pallets falling through.

(B) Plywood Support Channel
To support plywood or other decking material, or as front-to-back member between beams.
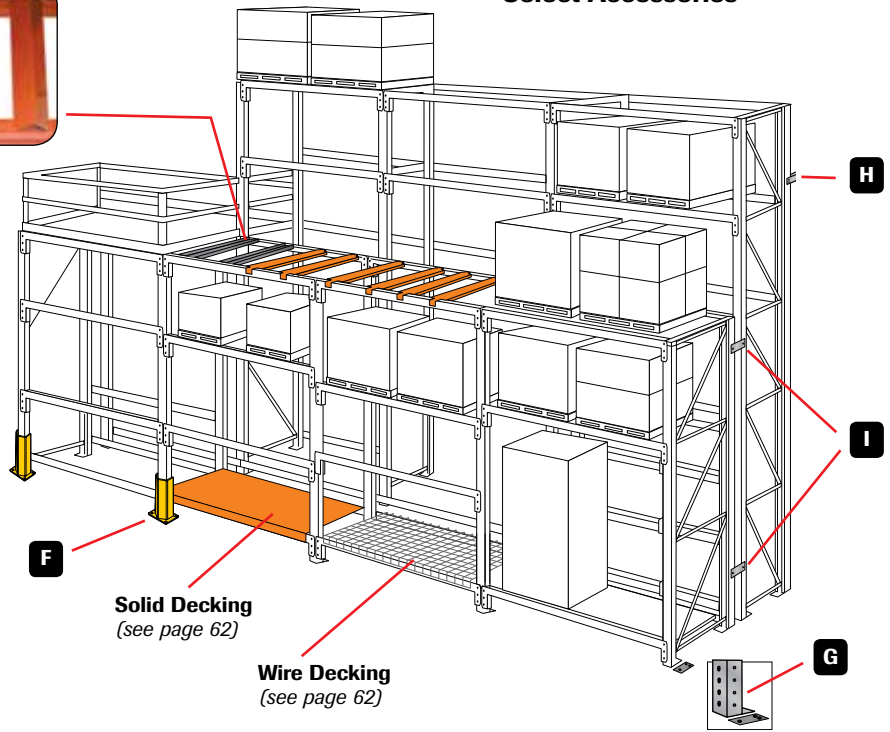
(C) Skid Support
Provides secure, easily adjustable base for skid runners.

(D) Fork Entry Bar
Solid base and proper fork clearance for non-palletized loads.

(E) Drum Cradle
For safe storage of cylindrical items. Welded unit fits securely on beams.

H

I

F

Solid Decking
(see page 62)

Wire Decking
(see page 62)

G

Dimension	Capacity	Cat. No.
Front-to-Back Support		
36" Deep	1,840 lbs.	FBSUP36
42" Deep	1,540 lbs.	FBSUP42
48" Deep	1,320 lbs.	FBSUP48
Plywood Support Channel		
36" Deep	730 lbs.	PWSUP36
42" Deep	610 lbs.	PWSUP42
48" Deep	530 lbs.	PWSUP48
Skid Support		
36" Deep	650 lbs.	SKSUP36
42" Deep	550 lbs.	SKSUP42
48" Deep	475 lbs.	SKSUP48
Fork Entry Bar		
36" Deep	7000 lbs.	FEBAR36
42" Deep	6000 lbs.	FEBAR42
36" Deep	5000 lbs.	FEBAR48
Drum Cradle		
36" Deep	3750 lbs.	DRCD36

(F) Impact Support
Provides extra protection against abuse. Bolt on to floor only. Finish is Safety Yellow.
No. IMSUP12- 12" high
No. IMSUP24- 24" high
No. IMSUP36 - 36" high
No. IMSUP48 - 48" high

Upright Anchor
Optional wedge-type anchor can be used to secure column posts. ½" dia. x 3¾" long.
No. 25163

(G) Shim Plate
Nests under footplate. Unpainted.
No. FLSH34

(H), (I) Row Spacers & Wall Ties
Row spacer provides a stabilizing connection for back-to-back rows of racks; wall ties provide stability and consistent spacing from the wall. Galvanized construction resists rust and corrosion. Two spacers recommended for each pair of uprights. Bolts included.

Dimension	Cat. No.
Row Spacer	
4"	RSPC04
6"	RSPC06
8"	RSPC08
10"	RSPC10
12"	RSPC12
18"	RSPC18
Wall Tie	
4"	WSPC04
6"	WSPC06
8"	WSPC08
10"	WSPC10
12"	WSPC12
18"	WSPC18

NOTE: Load-carrying capacities for individual accessories listed are based on evenly distributed loads and are limited by the support capacity of the beams and/or upright assemblies. When skid supports, fork-entry bars and/or front-to-back supports are used to support the load, the weight is not evenly distributed to the beam and, therefore, beam capacities are reduced significantly.